



Beautiful Seasonal Colour With The Mighty Oak Tree: Dyeing Linen With Oak Leaves

## Description



Natural Fabric Dyeing with Oak. Photo by Kathryn Davey

In ancient Ireland, the Oak held special meaning with the Celts. Considered the King of the forest, it was associated with strength, nobility, longevity, inspiration and knowledge. The Oak itself has a lineage dating back roughly 85 million years. Historically, the oak was essential to the Irish way of life, providing shelter, fuel, building materials, food as well as habitats for wildlife.

With over 500 hundred species of Oak, they are known for their longevity and can live for 300-400 hundred years. With deciduous and evergreen varieties, they are characterised by their wavy leaf pattern and acorn seed.

As a dye plant, the leaves, bark, acorns and twigs can be used to create colour. The Oak is high in tannin which acts as a natural fixative ensuring beautiful long-lasting colours. The oak galls contain the highest concentration of tannin and these are commonly used to mordant plant fibres such as linen, cotton or hemp.



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Different parts of the Oak will yield a range of complementary colours in the dye pot. Depending on the time of year, the bark yields tans, beiges, browns, greys and mauves with the leaves producing mustards, ocher, clay or grey colours. The oak galls have been used throughout history to create greys when dyed with iron.

If you are interested in natural dyeing, Oak can be a wonderful source of dye. The bark, leaves and twigs are available throughout the year with the acorns available in the Autumn.

The colours below are from leaves gathered in February in Ireland. The leaves had lost all their green and were a beautiful Autumn brown but this method will work for leaves throughout the year.

If you are going to dye with the oak, I would recommend using twice the weight of plant material to the weight of your fibre to be dyed. If your linen weighs 100g, use 200g of oak leaves.





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## ***Method***

Place your Oak leaves in a pot ( large enough to hold your fabric so it can move freely).

Cover with boiling water and let sit overnight.

Top up the water in your pot and simmer gently for 1-2 hours.

Once the water has changed and the dye extracts, strain out the leaves.

The dye is now ready to use

## ***Preparing Linen for Dyeing***

You can use fabric that has been [prepared for dye \(PFD\)](#) or regular linen. With either type, I would recommend cleaning (scouring) in the washing machine to remove any residues or impurities. Once your fabric is prepared (without the use of detergent) presoak it in a bucket of tap water to dampen the fibres, then add to the dye bath and simmer gently until your fabric changes to the shade you like. The length of time you leave your fabric in the dye pot is up to you, the longer you leave it the darker the shades will be just make sure you stir your fabric frequently.



FS BLEACHED Lightweight Linen

## CATEGORY

1. NATURAL DYEING
2. TUTORIALS

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## Author

kathryn-davey